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☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

UNITED STATES, } ss.
Pennsylvania District, }

Notice is hereby given,

THAT a special District Court of the United States will be holden at the City Hall in the city of Philadelphia, in and for the Pennsylvania district, on Tuesday the 16th day of April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon of the same day, for the Trial of an Information filed by William Rawle, Esquire, Attorney of the United States in and for the said district, against

The Brigantine
AMIABLE ADDELE,
with her tackle, apparel and appurtenances, and cargo, consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Oranges and Limes.

The said brigantine Amiable Addele being a vessel owned by persons residing within the United States, and employed in traffic with persons resident within the jurisdiction of the French Republic, contrary to the act of Congress, in such case made and provided and seized therefor, &c.

By order of the Court.
DAVID CALDWELL,
Clerk of the District Court.
march 29 tu&stf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,
NO. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.—He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*
november 19 22w

This Day will be Landed,

AT CUTHBERT'S WHARF,
From on board the ship Townsend, capt. Lovering from ST. KITTS,
124 Puncheons Rum,
24 ditto Molasses,
1200 Bushels Salt,
FOR SALE, BY
Jehu Hollingsworth, & Co.
No. 47, Penn-street.

SAID SHIP
IS ALSO
FOR SALE.
Apply as above.
march 20 dtf

Richard Bayley & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store. No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. WM. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN WHITESIDES & Co. or the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.

Richard Bayley & Co.

WILLIAM BONNAR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.
jan 29. §

NOTICE.

Joseph Thomas's Creditors

are hereby earnestly requested to furnish their Accounts duly attested, as soon as convenient: thereby to enable the Assignees to form an idea of the state of his affairs:—and all those indebted to said THOMAS, are required to make immediate payment to either of the Subscribers.

SAMUEL W. FISHER, } Assignees
WILLIAM BUCKLEY, } of
JOHN HALL. } J. Thomas.
dec. 31. dtf

WANTED,

To Article for two or three years a young Man to a profitable business—For particulars enquire at no. 68, south Fourth street

A person who has some knowledge of painting or drawing would be preferred.

W. HAYDON,
WHO HAS
A Cellar to Let.
jan 11 §

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Northumberland, for the benefit of the act of Assembly passed on the 4th day of April last for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that the said Judges have appointed the fourth Monday in April next, to hear him and and his creditors at the Court House, in the town of Sunbury in the said county.

ROBERT GRAY.
march 28 c th. 3w

Just Imported,

Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and cannister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted
For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street,
October 29 co.tf.

FOR SALE,
By the Subscribers,
15 pipes Old Madeira Wine,
1 pair of 9 pound Cannon
5 packages of Gum Guiaccum
2 bales of St. Domingo Cotton
100 boxes of Wax Candles, of 24lbs each.
Willings & Francis.
Penn-street, }
February 19. } w&sf tf

FOR SALE

A HOUSE and LOT in Trenton,

THE house is of brick, two stories high, four rooms on a floor, and in good order.—For further particulars enquire of Ab. Hunt, in Trenton, or of JOHN E. CRESSON,
No. 54, Market street.
march 9 3awim

For Sale,

TEN or twelve Tons, Clover & Timothy
H A Y,
Of the first quality.—Apply at No. 43, Almond-street.
jan. 8. 1awtf

IMPORTED,
In the British ship Douglas, capt. Walker, from London, just arrived,
Cannon—Woolwich proof 9lb caliber, bored from the solid weighing 16cwt. 2qrs. and 20cwt. each
Ditto of 6lb caliber, wt. 11cwt. 2 qrs. each,
Ditto Swivels, mounted
Cannon shot, viz. Canister, cross bar and round.
30 cases ships muskets, fowling pieces and musketoons
Ship Store, Horsemen's and Saddle Pistols,
A large assortment of Flints,
150 casks Porter, Brown Stout in Bottles,
Panthcon Stoves assorted from 20 to 40 inches diameter
40 Casks Shot, No. 1, to 6,
3000 Bushels Coals,
50 Crates Window Glass
100 Crates and 10 hhds. Queens ware adapted to the West India Market,
6 bales Whitney blankets 8-4 and 10-4
For sale by
THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.
Walnut Street Wharf.
March 16, tf

Who have also on hand,
Claret in cases, first quality,
Old Port Wine,
Horsemen's swords, hangers, &c.
Dry White Lead,
Ironmongery and webbing by the package,
Boston Beef,
A case of best roll arnotta,
Painted floor cloths,
English quart bottles in crates of 12 dozen each,
Russia bar iron, Hemp and cordage,
Cables from 7 to 16 inches,
Platillas and Britagnes,
A few trunks best kid and morocco skins,
Basket salt in hhds.

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.

Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,

the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
25 Chests of Young Hyson Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.
HIGBEE & MILNOR.
march 21.

FOR SALE,

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

In Philadelphia,
Enquire of William M. Biddle, no. 147, Chesnut-street.
nov. 22 §

Red Clover,
Timothy,
Blue Grass
Herds Grass and
White Clover } *SEEDS,*

All warranted fresh and free from all foul seed,
FOR SALE,
BY C. ROBERTS,
No. 97, Market, between Second and Third streets,
Who has also on hand, a general assortment of
Ironmongery, sadlery, cutlery and brass wares; T. Crowley Millington steel, pig-lead, block-tin, red lead, Spanish brown, Venetian red, Vermillian, &c. &c.
Wholesale & Retail.
march 2 ta.&m.tu.&fr.tf.

Pursuits of Literature.

In a few day will be put to press and published without delay, by
J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut street,
The Pursuits of Literature.
A Satirical Poem.
In four Dialogues, with Notes.

This celebrated work will form one large octavo volume, will be printed from the last London edition, with the Notes translated by the author, on a fine paper and good type, and will be delivered, handsomely bound and lettered to subscribers at two dollars.
March 18.

Building and Garden Lots,

CONTIGUOUS to, and at a small distance from the city, to be sold at the coffee house in Second street, on Wednesday the 20th of March, at 6 o'clock in the evening, containing from about 1-4 of an acre to about 4 acres each. The small lots fronting on Vine and Callowhill streets, on the west side of Schuylkill Second street, and the large lots containing whole or half or quarter squares, some of them bounded on the west by Schuylkill and the upper ferry road including some fine quarry lots on Schuylkill: the whole containing about 140 acres, and formerly known by the name of Springsbury; bounded on the north by Francis street, extending from the Ridge road to Schuylkill, crossing the canal, on which several of the lots will give fronts.

The situation of many of the large lots is on high ground, commanding beautiful views of the Schuylkill, supposed to be sufficiently detached to escape any unfortunate disorder which may be prevalent in the city.—The terms will be made known at the time of the sale.

N. B. Maps of the lots are fixed up at the middle and upper ferries on Schuylkill; at Seybert's Tavern, in Second street, Northern Liberties; at Ogdens tavern in Chesnut street, and at the coffee house.

The convenience of stone so near the premises will prove very advantageous to purchasers.

CONNELLY & Co. auct'rs.

Postponement.

☞ The uncommon severity of the weather having prevented many persons from viewing the lots above described, the sale is postponed until Saturday the 20th April next, when it will be held on the premises, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The terms will be cash for those lots which are 50 feet, and 49 and an half feet front, and for those of a larger size, one half the cash to be paid down and the other half in six months from the day of sale.
march 20

WHEREAS

ISAAC PAINTER having made an assignment of all his property for the benefit of all his creditors who sign his discharge;—the assignee wishing to arrange the business as soon as possible, and likewise to give the said Isaac Painter an opportunity of doing something for himself and family: therefore those creditors who have not signed his discharge are informed that unless they come forward and sign the same discharge on or before the first day of May next ensuing, they will be excluded the benefit of a dividend; and all those who are indebted to the said firm are requested to make immediate payment to prevent further trouble.

JACOB CLARK, Assignee.
march 3 3awtf

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the estate of MORDECAI LEWIS, late of this city, merchant, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those who have demands against it to produce them for payment to

Thomas Morris,
Samuel Coates, } executors.
Joseph Morris,

at the Counting House of
JOSEPH S. LEWIS,
no. 25, Dock-street.
march 23 3awim

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT I am to be sold on such terms, that the purchaser need not advance any cash, unless he pleases, till it is earned by my services, provided no accident happens me; or, if you please, I am to be farmed out for two years, and not less. I am a bright bay, full 15½ hands high, of noble descent, my name is TRIMMER—I was got by Hall's imported horse Eclipse, my dam, purchased by Doctor Hall, was got by the imported horse Slim; my grand dam was got by Old Figure; my great grand dam by Taskers Othello out of Selima, &c. &c. as will more fully appear by William Lyle's attested certificate who raised me. My character as a racer is well established; I won the colt's purse at Bladensburg of twenty guineas; I won a fifty guinea purse at Baltimore, a fifty guinea purse at Annapolis and a fifty guinea purse at Hagerstown. I never lost a race but the last I run at Alexandria, which was owning to my being badly shod, as I lost all my plates before I got in. I am in fine plight, sound in every respect; my offspring are in great repute, some of which are now in training for the turf—procure me good stands and entertainment and I am able to earn one thousand dollars per annum.

Any person inclining to buy or rent may know the terms by applying to John Carnan (Lovehall) Cœcil county and state of Maryland, eight miles south of Elkton.
feb. 21. d6w

CHINA GOODS,

Just received per the ship New-Jersey from Canton
AND FOR SALE
BY ARCHIBALD M'CALL,
At his Store No. 187, south Second street,
—VIZ—
An assortment of Teas of the first quality,
White and yellow nankeens
Cassia, silk umbrellas
an assortment of china ware,
and a variety of SILKS, consisting of
Black and colored Lutestring
do. do. sattins
do. do. senshaws
do. do. silk handkerchiefs
do. do. sewing silks
Black Taffeties
ALSO,
12 pipes of excellent Madeira Wine,
fit for immediate use,
jan. 24 §

To be sold by private sale,

A NUMBER of Lots for building, of different size and situation, on the Bristol road, adjoining that well known stand called the Washington tavern, between the 9 and 10 mile stones, where the mail and a number of public stages are flying continually. The situation is high and healthy and easy of access both by land and water, within a few rods of the Pennypack creek, where there is safe navigation and good landing, where grist and merchant mills are carrying on a considerable trade; the above road being the best at all seasons of the year of any coming out of the city.—A plan of the said lots may be seen, and the conditions of sale made known by the subscriber near the premises.

JOHN HOLME.
march 19. tu. th. sa. tf.

CHINA GOODS.

Now delivering from the ship New-Jersey, from Canton,
FOR SALE,
At the Stores of the Subscribers,
CONSISTING OF

Bohea
Hyson skin
Young hyson
Hyson and
Imperial } *TEAS.*
White nankeens
Lutestrings, colored and black
Senshaws do. do.
Handkerchiefs do. do. 4-4
Sewing silks do. do.
Black hair ribbon
Black sattins
Cassia in small bales
China ware in dining and tea setts

On Hand,

50 trunks and cases dimities, muslins, ginghams, muslinets and pullicat handkerchiefs, in small packages, for the West-India market.
25 trunks of printed calicoes, assorted for the West-India market.
1 bale of woolen cloths, low priced.
Sail canvas by the bale or piece, No. 1 to 8.
Copper in sheets 24 by 48 and 48 by 60 inches
Raised copper bottoms in tubs.
A small invoice of queens ware assorted.
English wrought nails in casks.
Sheathing paper.
New-Orleans indigo
Paints of different colors, dry in casks.
Old Madeira wine fit for use.
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.
feb. 11 m w.fr.tf.

The Subscribers have for Sale,
AT THEIR COUNTING HOUSE
No. 35, Dock-street,
White and Red Lead,
Patent shot No. 1 & 8 & 13,
Bordeaux Brandy 1st & 4th proof,
Claret in cases—first quality.
Thos. Murgatroyd & Sons.
march 29. mw&f3w

NOTICE.

GOOD encouragement will be given to a person who understands the Tanning business in all its branches—also to a person who understands making of Tin-Ware, to move into the Western Country.—Persons who have small families would be preferred,—For further particulars enquire at No 53 North Fourth-street.

None need apply but those who can bring good recommendations.
march 12 ¶ eod4w

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
John & James Poultney,

BEING dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers; and those having demands to present their accounts for settlement.

JOHN POULTNEY,
JAMES POULTNEY,
1st mo 30 w&frtf

To be Rented in the Country,

A CONVENIENT Stone Dwelling House two stories high, with two rooms on a floor, together with an out kitchen. Also a stone building adjoining, well calculated for a retail store, and in a good stand. For further particulars enquire of

CHARLES SHOEMAKER,
near Chesnut street wharf.
3d mo. 29th. ¶ 3t

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Marine Barracks on the 20th inst. Wm. Johnston, a Marine Soldier aged 30 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, black hair and eyes, and has lost the middle finger of the right hand. He carried off with him his full uniform. Whoever will secure the said deserter in any goal, shall receive the above reward.

DAN. CARMICK,
commanding the Marine Barracks.
march 28 eod2w

JACOB PERKINS,

HAVING invented an effectual check for detecting counterfeit Bank Paper, which has received the sanction of one Bank, and the approbation of the undersigned eminent artists, and having obtained a patent, securing to him, and to his assigns, the exclusive right of the invention, hereby offers to his fellow citizens the privilege of using it upon terms, to be agreed on between him and any person disposed to avail themselves of a guard against counterfeits.

THE undersigned having examined Jacob Perkin's new invented method to detect counterfeit Bank paper, do approve of the plan, it being impossible to engrave or sink two plates perfectly alike, without the original die or hub, the counterfeiter would find it impossible to make an impression which would perfectly gage with the check from the original die.

ROB'T SCOT, Engraver & Die sinker
JAMES SMITHER, Engraver.
JAMES AKIN, Engraver.

The terms may be known by applying to No 11, South 3d street.
March 23. 22awtf

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
PETER & HENRY MIERCKEN,

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment to Peter Miercken, and those having demands, to present their accounts to the same for settlement.

Peter Miercken.
Henry Miercken,
march 21 §

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Thomas Boon, of Caroline county, state of Maryland, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly proven, to the subscriber at Denton, in the county and state aforesaid, on or before the first day of May next, that there may be a dividend made of the assets now in the hands of the subscriber. Those who neglect this notice, will be forever barred of their dividend, which will be made on the aforesaid day,

WM. BOON, administrator
of THOMAS BOON.
march 9. 1aw3w

Saml. Potter, Wm. Page, and Thos. Price.
No. 31, Chesnut street.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
per ship Lexington, from London,
A very large assortment of
DRY GOODS.

Which they will sell low for cash, or notes at a short date, among which, are

Printed Callicoes, and Chintzes,
British Muslins, plain, and tambored,
Silk, cotton and worsted hosiery,
Leather Gloves,
Black and white laces and edgings,
Callico and cotton checks
Ginghams,
Cotton counterpanes, &c.
Pulings & Sarsnetts
Sattins and Modes,
Plain & plaid silk shawls
Silk and cotton fringe and trimmings,
A handsome assortment of ribbons,
2 cases of the most fashionable ladies hats and bonnets.
march 14 tuth&s 11A

Goods supposed to have been stolen.

The following articles were brought from the late mayor's office and deposited with the present mayor, at no. 157 south 2d street, where they are open for the inspection of any persons who may think themselves interested therein, to wit:

3 blankets
1 coverlid
3 hats
2 blue cloth coats
1 spotted nankeen coatee
2 grey plain coats
3 sailors jackets
2 striped piquè de marseilles waistcoats
2 do half worn do
1 dark cross striped do
1 green silk laced do
1 white embroider'd do
1 striped winter do
1 flannel do
1 pr. black sattin breeches
3 pair nankeen do.
7 pair trowsers
Several pair of Silk and cotton hose
white and check shirts
cravats & hankerchiefs
1 silver stock buckle
6 do tea spoons
1 roll of coarse sheeting
1 do of white dowlass
1 piece of striped calico
1 coarse muslin sheet
3 kegs of flints
And sundry other articles of small value
Mayors Office, march 23 §

The following property, which, it is believed, has been stolen, was left with the Mayor, by the constables,—— to wit:

3 new blankets
1 old do
1 brown great coat
1 shirt
1 white cassimere waistcoat
18 yards of black sattin
2 remnants of cotton
1 do Bengal
2 do Irish Linens
1 do muslin
1 roll of black trimmings
1 string of violet do
1 bunch of gum elastic bottles
1 pair of knee buckles set with stone
1 mariners compass
1 pair of new shoes
7 silver tea spoons
2 do table do
3 groce of plated buttons inlaid with pearl
1 gold thimble
2 do rings, one whereof with a miniature,
1 box of white platillas

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the late William Compton, deceased, who have not rendered to the Administrators accounts of their claims properly attested, are hereby informed, that if they do not exhibit such accounts on or before the seventeenth day of April next ensuing, their claims will be forever excluded, as a dividend will then be struck and paid by S. Wilcox, at No. 145 Chesnut-street, on any day proceeding. And all those who are still delinquent in discharging the debts due from them to the estate of the late Wm. Compton deceased, aforesaid, will be pleased to take notice, that suits at law will be commenced against them, without respect to persons, if not discharged before that day.

Isaac Cothrall
John Haworth
Samuel Wilcox } Administrators.
marce 23 m.w.&sat. 117A.

NOTICE.

THE Following certificates of shares of the stock of the Bank of the United States have been lost or destroyed at sea, *to wit* 13 shares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 shares No 4185. 5 shares No 4186. and 3 shares No 4187, and 6 shares in the name of John Barker Church, No 2058. which were forwarded by the Countess of Leicester packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten shares of said stock in the name of Stadnitski & Son, of Amsterdam, No 1796. which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.
march 12 d3m

BAFTAS
Cossaes
India Calicoes
Dooreas
Gilla Romalls
Umbrellas
Fans
Sheathing Copper
An elegant assortment of
Madras Hankerchiefs
25 Pipes of the finest particular
Madeira Wine
For Sale by
JOSEPH S. LEWIS
No. 25, Dock Street,
March 21. 3tawim

Take Notice

That I have applied to the Judges of the court of common pleas for the benefit of the insolvent act, and they have appointed Monday the 22d day of April next, to hear me and my creditors at the court house in Sunbury, where they may attend if they think proper.

To all my Creditors.

James Towar.
march 20 ¶ wed3w

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE of one share of Bank of United States, Stock standing in the name of DUGAS DE VALLON, having been lost or mislaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

Abraham Van Beuren.
march 20. d3m

Sales at Auction.

On Saturday the 20th April, at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises,

Sundry Building and Garden Lots,

Some of them contigious to, and others at a small distance from the city, containing from about one quarter of an acre to about four acres each. The small lots front on Vine and Callowhill Streets, near Schuylkill—the large lots front on the south side of Francis Street, on the east side of Schuylkill river, on the west side of Schuylkill, second street, and on intermediate streets—the whole containing about 145 acres, being part of the tract known by the name of Springettsbury.

The situation of many of the lots is on high ground, commanding views of the Schuylkill, and supposed to be so much detached from the built parts of the city, as to be out of danger in case of an unhappy return of the fever.

Maps shewing the division of the ground, may be seen at the Coffee house, at Ogden's tavern in Chesnut street, at Sybert's tavern in the Nothern Liberties, and at the Middle and Upper Ferries on Schuylkill.

The abundance of stone, for building, on part of the ground, will prove very advantageous to purchasers, as it is proposed to sell at the same time those large quarries on the east side of the Schuylkill, near and above the bridge.

The terms will be cash for the lots of 49 1-2 and 50 feet front, and for those of a larger size one half cash immediately, and the other half to be paid in six months from the day of sale.

CONNELY & Co. *Auctioneers.*

april 4.

FOR LONDON.

The British armed SHIP

DOUGLAS,

JAMES WALKER, captain.

NOW ready to receive a Cargo—for freight or passage apply to

Thomas & John Ketland.

april 3 §

A POINTER.

STRAYED from No. 97, New-street, Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, 31st March, 1799, a young Pointer Dog, about 6 months old; his body white, interspersed with grey spots, his ears of a dark liver colour, inclining to black, a large dark round spot in his forehead, dew claws on his feet, his name is BRUSH—Whoever will return said dog to the office of this gazette, shall be handsomely rewarded.

april 3 d3t

New Philadelphia.

THE proprietors of the high ground in the neighbourhood of this city, known by the name of Springettsbury Manor; (bounded on the west by the river Schuylkill, on the east by Fourth street, from Schuylkill, on the north by Francis's lane, and on the south by Callowhill street) have agreed to appropriate it for the purpose of building a new city as a summer retreat.

The plan in two sections may be seen at the Coffee house. The main street, 100 feet wide, runs nearly east and west along the top of the ridge, striking Schuylkill a little above the upper ferry, where nature has placed everlasting abbutments, and stone in abundence to form a permanent bridge of one arch, that cannot be approached by ice or floods.

A street of 66 feet wide, is laid out on each side of, and parallel to the Main street. These are crossed by five new streets at right angles, and by the continuation of Front, Second, Third and Fourth-streets from Schuylkill.

The situation is high, airy and healthy, and commands an extensive prospect. The water is good.

The canal runs obliquely through it.

It is just a sufficient distance from the Delaware for a pleasant walk, to give an appetite to dinner after the business of the day is over.

April 3 t8at.

To be sold at Public Vendue,

On Saturday next the 6th inst. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

One hundred and eleven of the highest and best situated Lots in the New Town,

Each containing 30 feet front, and about 200 deep. The whole is situated on the west side of Fourth Street from Schuylkill, on the high ground opposite Bush Hill gardens, agreeably to a plan at the Coffee House, and at the old city Auction Store.

To accommodate purchasers, one lot will be put up at a time, and the buyer will have the right to take as many adjoining, as he may think proper, at the same rate. The terms are, one third cash, approved notes at three months for the remainder, when deeds clear of all incumbrances, will be given.

Connelly & Co. Auct'rs.

April 3. t S.

JUST RECEIVED,

By the ship Douglas from London,

A prime assortment of

Morrocco and Kid Skins,

of various colours.

A handsome supply of

MILITARY ARTICLES,

And a few cases of the most fashionable

Straw Hats and Bonnets.

For sale at No. 87, Chesnut-street.

MICHAEL ROBERTS.

march 30 d2w

Just Received,

From HAMBURG by the JASON, VISSER, and via Baltimore and for sale by the subscribers

Platillas,
Creas á la Morlaix,
Dowlas
Checks and stripes,
Listadoes
Bretagnes,
Ticklenburgs,
Barcelona Brandy in Pipes.
Port Wine in quarter casks.

On Hand,

Claret in Hogsheads,
Bourdeaux Brandy,
Russia Bristles.

Erick & Lewis Bollman.

No. 108, Spruce-street.

april 1 §

NOTICE.

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

TAKE NOTICE.

THE petty officers, seamen, and ordinary seamen, in the United States service, late of the schooner Retaliation, are ordered to repair immediately on board the United States brig Norfolk, in the port of Philadelphia.

Those who have deserted are promised pardon, and the ballance due them, if they comply with the above order.

WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE.

April 2.

Late Foreign Articles

CHARLESTON, March 27.

General Tandy and the other Irish officers arrested at Hamburgh in December last, have been liberated by the consent of the English government.

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LONDON, Dec. 29.

All American vessels in the harbors of France have been released; all American prisoners have been set at liberty; and the most positive assurances have been made, "that France is ready to enter on a treaty for the amicable accommodation of all matters in dispute." [*Morning Herald.*

Received by the ships Maria, Irgis, and Two Friends, M'Neil, 49 days from London.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 3.

The Porte has this day communicated to all the foreign ministers the contents of official dispatches received from Aboukir.

The French immediately after their landing in Aboukir, erected a fort, which they furnished with heavy artillery, partly to defend their shipping, partly to maintain a communication with the sea for their land forces and partly to prevent a landing from the ships of their enemy. To drive the French from this port, the English commodore, Hood, who kept the harbour of Alexandria blocked up, detached some Turkish gun boats, which furiously attacked the fort, and obliged the French to abandon it. Commodore Hood then took possession of the fort, and landed several thousand troops which had been sent by the Pacha of Rhodes. These troops, after having compelled the French to retreat, took such a position as cut off the communication of the French between Alexandria, Rosetta, and Cairo. The situation of Buonaparte is by this rendered extremely critical. He has retired from Cairo, near to Alexandria, as he is in want of provisions and ammunition, and incessantly attacked by the Arabs.

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PARIS, Dec. 27.

ARMY OF ITALY.

The Commander in Chief gives orders that the present act shall be printed in both languages, French and Italian, and made public.

Art. 1. His majesty declares, that he renounces the exercise of all power, and he especially orders all his subjects whatever, to obey the provisional government which is about to be established by the French general.

Art. 2. His majesty orders the Piedmontese army to consider itself as an integral part of the French army in Italy, and to obey the French commander in chief as their own.

Art. 3. His majesty disavows the publication of the proclamation circulated by his ministers, and he gives orders to M. Le Chevalier Danican, to surrender the citadel of Turin, as a pledge that no resistance whatever shall be attempted against the present act, which has emanated purely from his own free will.

Art. 4. His majesty issues orders to the Governor of the city of Turin to receive and execute precisely all orders which the French general commanding the citadel shall think proper for the maintenance of public tranquility.

Art. 5. No change shall be made that can affect the catholic religion, or the safety or property of individuals.

The Piedmontese who are anxious to change their abode, shall have liberty to take with them their moveable effects, to sell and liquidate their property, except the value. The Piedmontese who are absent are at liberty to return to Piedmont, and to enjoy the same rights there as other citizens, nor shall they on any account be questioned as to any actions or writings previous to this present act.

Art. 6. The king shall be at liberty to repair to———— (Sardinia was afterwards determined as the place.)—In the mean time no arrangement shall be made that can affect the security of his person. Until the moment of his departure, his places and country houses shall not be taken possession of by the French troops, nor shall any property be carried off, and the guard shall be kept by those who have hitherto been employed in that service.

Art. 7. The passports and necessary orders shall be given, that his majesty and all his family may arrive in safety at the place of their retreat. They shall be accompanied by an equal force of French and Piedmontese.

Art. 8. In case the prince de Craignan shall remain in Piedmont, he shall enjoy his property there and shall be at liberty to leave it, as provided for the other subjects of Piedmont.

Art. 9. The state of the public archives, chests, &c. shall be immediately given in, and the seal shall be placed on the chests.

Art. 10. The ships of powers at war with the French republic, shall not be received in the ports of the island of Sardinia.

Done at Turin, this 9th of December, 1798. (Signed)

CLANVEL, adj. gen.

Consented to and approved by me,

C. EMMANUEL.

RAIMOND DE ST. GERMAIN, *Chamberlain.*

I undertake that I will throw no impediment in the way of the execution of this treaty. VICTOR EMMANUEL.

Approved and accepted,

JOUBERT. *Commander in Chief.*

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Letter from general Championet to the Executive Directory.

"*Citizen Directors,*

"Since the actions of Terni, and of Porto Fermo, I have every day expected to be attacked by the Neapolitans, and I was much surprised at their inactivity; but they employed that time in collecting their scattered troops, and in moving to my right. In fact, general Macdonald was attacked yesterday in his camp, at Civita Castellana, by five columns from Bacano. The force of the enemy amounted to forty thousand men. General Macdonald, surrounded on all sides, displayed the greatest talents; he received the attack with the most distinguished courage; and, by his skilful dispositions, disconcerted the projects of the enemy.

General Kellerman, who commanded the advanced guard, and who was placed before Nepi, was attacked by the first column which came from Monterosi, and which pressed on with vigor. That general only had with him three squadrons of the 19th regiment of horse chasseurs, two pieces of light artillery, the third battalion of the 15th light infantry, and the 1st battalion of the 12th.

This handful of brave men put the column of the enemy to the route, which amounted to 8000 men, killed and wounded 400 of their men, took 15 pieces of cannon of all sizes, 30 ammunition waggons, and 2000 prisoners, of whom 50 were officers, some of them of superior rank, colours, standards, 8 or 900 horses or mules, the military chest, 3000 muskets, their baggage, and camp equipage.

He pursued them to Monterosi, where the soldiers made immense booty. The talents and bravery of general Kellerman are too well known to require any praise.

I appointed on the field of battle, Brue, who was chief of a squadron, to be chief of brigade of the 19th regiment of horse chasseurs, who by his skill, very successfully seconded general Kellerman.

I beg of you, citizen directors, to confirm this appointment, as citizen Humbert, who commanded that regiment, died at Rome the day we left it. Lahur, chief of brigade, commanding the 15th light infantry, prevented the second column of the enemy from penetrating by Rigeano, by which, following the old road to Rome, they wanted to pass.

The enemy lost 30 horses. The third column was defeated by the Polish general Kniazovets, at the moment when they were advancing by Fabrica to Santa Mariee di Falari. This brave officer, at the head of his legion, of the Roman legion, of the 2d and 3d battalions of the 30th regiment of the line, two squadrons of the 16th regiment of dragoons, a company of the 19th horse chasseurs, and with 3 small pieces of artillery, took from the enemy eight pieces of cannon, 15 ammunition waggons, and 50 prisoners, among whom were two superior officers. Night put an end to the action, in which it appears that the enemy lost a great many men.

The Roman legion, which was for the first time in action, behaved perfectly well. The result of the day was, that 29 pieces of cannon, of French calibre, 45 ammunition waggons, 8 or 900 horses or mules, 52 officers, 2050 prisoners, standards, colours, the military chest, &c. have been taken. On our side the loss was 30 killed and 60 wounded.

Health and respect.

(Signed) CHAMPIONET."

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January 26.

The famous passage of the fall of the Biche, which the grand duke of Tuscany had caused to be fortified at a great expense, has been by his order given up to the French troops.

Napper Tandy and Blackwell are still in custody at Hamburgh.

An aid de camp from gen. Mack had arrived at Vienna, disguised as a courier. He was the bearer of dispatches which he delivered to the emperor in person.

It appears by an article from Florence of the 6th of January, that the Neapolitans evacuated Leghorn two days before—that was on the 4th.

It is said that Spain is making great preparations for war, and that she is meditating an expedition to take the island of Minorca, of which the English made themselves masters at the expence of a few shot. The Prince of Wales Packet, which sailed from London the 15th Nivose, carried out an order to lord St. Vincent, off Cadiz, to detach two ships of the line to join gen. Stuart. Dispatchs were also sent to Gibralter.

It is said in London that these dispatches probably related to the expedition against Majorca. The facility with which they took Minorca makes them conceive the hopes of eatily taking the other.

It is said that the commandant of Ehrenbreitstein has called for succours both from the Empire and the King of Prussia, and that both the one and the other have said that they cannot assist him. The garrison make daily signals, which are believed to be signals of extreme distress.

The last letters from Naples make no mention of our troops having entered that city. A detachment from the English fleets have, it is said, burned all the ships in the harbor, and it is added, have orders to bombard the place whenever it shall fall into the hands of the French.

Since our astonishing success Tuscany has taken another course. It is every moment endeavoring more and more to return within the bounds of neutrality. The Neapolitans have already evacuated Leghorn; the convoy sailed on the 15th, at ten in the evening. All boats were put in requisition for this purpose, and such as could not go to sea were forced to take another route.

General Serrurier had received orders to march against Tuscany and Lucce. He had already reached Pistoya with his division, when a courier brought him orders not to set foot in Tuscany, and he in consequence sent two of his columns to Modena, and continued his march against Lucca, of which he has been in possession for three days.

The head quarters of the army of Italy is still at Reggio, a proof that the emperor has not yet made any movement in the north. If indeed he wishes to save Tuscany and Naples, he should not forget that all hostile measures on his side will only precipitate their ruin.

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FLORENCE, JAN. 6.

Our army of Rome continues its victorious march against Naples. It at present holds possession of the tops of the mountains which command Capua, and it will at less than ten days be under the walls of the city, if the rain and bad weather will permit them. The whole of it is now on the Neapolitan territory, and there is not a single enemy on that of Rome. The question is, shall we go to Naples—Of this I am ignorant, as it will depend much on the issue of the negociation at Rastadt; but nothing but a general and speedy peace can save his Sicilian majesty, his crown and states. In the mean time the most lively uneasiness is entertained at Naples, and the Lazzaroni have been furnished with arms—a vain resource, if it be the only one.

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On Saturday arrived six of the Hamburgh mails that were due.

Very little dependence can be placed upon the general news respecting Egypt which has been received from Constantinople. One article bears, however, every mark of authenticity, and that is the official communication which has beee addressed by the Ottoman Porte to the foreign ministers, stating that the landing of the troops under the command of the Pacha of Rhodes, at Aboukir, had been effected with the assistance of the English fleet. Although that enterprise had fully succeeded, it appears that the troops were not sufficiently numerous to undertake the siege of Alexandria. They are however employed in blockading that town, and effectually interrupt every kind of communication between it and Rosetta, from whence the garrison can only be supplied with provisions. This operation must at the same time increase the distress, and multiply the difficulties experienced by Buonaparte's army, as it cuts off the communication between Cairo, Alexandria, and Rosetta: in other words, between the army, its depot of ammunition and stores, and the only place which can supply that depot with provisions.

The following advices were received at the India House on Saturday:

A letter from Constantinople of the 24th of November, mentions that gen. Buonaparte having caused an assembly, of the leading men of Cairo to meet for the purpose of exacting a subsidy, gen. Berthier was sent with about 60 officers to that assembly, where he was shot by the deputy of the Pacha, and all the officers who accompanied him slaughtered. All the French in the city were at the same time attacked and killed, and the houses wherein any number were collected, set on fire.

The French camp was immediately attacked and dispersed. Buonaparte retired to a camp of about 4000 men on the side of Syria. The Arabs were masters of Cairo. The loss of the French is said to be 7040; Buonaparte could not collect more than that number after the action.

Another letter from Constantinople of the 3d of December mentions, that advice was received from Smyrna, dated 23d November stating that a letter from Alexandria, of the 26th October, confirmed the news of an action between the Beys and the French. The guns boats had done some damage to the castle of Aboukir; and by capt. Hood's letter Bounaparte was in a very embarrassed situation.

January 22.

We state on the most certain authority that the court of Spain has categorically refused the demand made by the Directory for the passage of an army of 80,000 infantry, and 6,200 cavalry destined against Portugal. It is expected that the refusal will produce a total change of measures on the part of the Spanish government.

According to private advices received by the Hamburg mails, it appears probable, that Sweden will join Russia in the war against France; and in this case, it is likely that Denmark will not remain neutral.

The king of Sweden having refused to accept of citizen La Marque as French minister, the Executive Directory has threatened to break off all communication with the court of Stockholm. Since then the alliance between Sweden and Russia has become more close.—The king of Sweden depends on the powerful assistance of Russia to keep the states of his kingdom in awe, should they shew any signs of tumult at the approaching meeting of the Diet. It is probable that this may be the cause of the king's refusal to receive citizen La Marque, fearing the intrigues of the French government.

January 23.

The vigilance of the Directory in preventing any news of the state of insurrection in Belgium from transpiring by the different points of its frontiers by land, confirms the extent and magnitude of the rebellion. The strength or dispair of the insurgents have been exemplified by the decisive and just conduct which they adopted in having recourse to reprisals on an adjutant general, and some French officers who had fallen into their hands. It appears that the insurrection rages most in the countries which extend from Antwerp along Maestricht, as far as Luxemburgh, and be hind ancient Hainault.

Every man who feels a generous indignation against the violence and injustice of the French, will commiserate the fate of the king of Naples. It is well known in this country, as well as at Naples, long before the Neapolitan troops marched into the Roman territories, that the Directory had determined to attack Naples, as well as to seize on the dominions of his Sardinian majesty, for the purpose of deriving from these conquests the means of carrying on another campaign, which their own exhausted country could not possibly supply. The question then is, whether under the certainty of being attacked a fortnight sooner or later, it was not more becoming the magnanimity of a great prince to seek for safety in the courage of his troops, inspired by his personal presence, as he hoped they would be, rather than wait the convenience of an enemy to attack him. We admire the resolution and firmness of the king of Naples while we deplore his misfortunes. If blame attaches any where it falls on the heads of those sovereigns whose apathy and indecision will lead them to experience a similar and more justly merited fate hereafter. We are sorry to say, that to the present moment we see no certain symptoms of combined operations on the continent to counteract the progress of French aggrandizement.

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DUBLIN, January 28.

On Saturday evening, lieutenant Weston, of the navy, arrived at the admiralty, with dispatches from Lord Nelson and St. Vincent, which were brought to England in the Resolution lugger. We are much concerned to state that he is the bearer of very unpleasant news.

The accounts that have lately been received through the Paris Journals, respecting the losses sustained by the troops of his Neapolitan majesty are but too well confirmed by the advices received from Lord Nelson, which are dated about the 16th ult. According to these we learn, that after a series of continual disasters; which general Mack attributes to the cowardice and treachery of the Neapolitan troops, many of the officers of which are suspected to have been bribed by the enemy, he despaired of being able to protect the capital. It moreover appears, that the troops immediately appointed for its defence, had laid down their arms.

The next advices are expected to bring the news of the city of Naples, who ranks as the third in Europe for riches and population, having been delivered to the pillage of the French soldiery. After having laid the country under contribution till it can pay no more; after having emptied every store, and carried off every article of valuable furniture and pictures, the directory will be willing to sell the naked soil to the first rogue that will treat for the purchase of it.

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Extract of a letter from London, Jan. 30.

"The poor, but gallant king of Naples' misfortune will prove a great disappointment to many of the American adventurers up the Mediterranean, and also from this country. All the glorious victory of Lord Nelson seems knocked on the head by the pusillanimity of Germany and Russia."

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BUONAPARTE's EXPEDITION.

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VIENNA, December 19.

We may now communicate to the public the authentic reports of the Seraskier Ibrahim, Pacha of Damas, and of Murat Bey, with respect to the events which have taken place in Egypt, and of which mention has already been made.

The first of these reports, dated the 26th of October, contains the following details:

Buonaparte wished to impose a tax of ten piastres on every house in Cairo, to compel the inhabitants to wear the national cockade, and to ornament the doors of their houses with it. He had for these purposes convened, and had sent thither one of his principal generals with a suite of sixty persons.

While this general attempted to convince the people of the propriety of these measures, a common man, a native of Barbary, shot him with a pistol, and all his retinue were massacred. The populace then massacred all the French in the houses and streets, and set fire to the buildings in which they took refuge and defended themselves. About 500 Frenchmen, who were assembled at Azab Kerbesso, were attacked and cut to pieces.

At the same time, Aga Mustapha, Kinja of Aboukir, the ci-devant Pacha of Cairo, collected all the Turks, and put himself at their head, with all the Sheiks and the Uhlemas. The castle was forced, two other generals under Buonaparte were killed in the engagement, the garrison was put to the sword, and all the artillery, &c. fell into the hands of the Turks. Buonaparte, who had retired to Boulack, attempted by his usual artifices to repair this disaster. He proposed conciliatory terms, and subscribed to the offences which had been committed; but the only answer made to this conduct by the Mussulmen, was a discharge of artillery from the castle.

The city is in expectation that the Ottoman army will arrive before the enemies shall have it in their power to assemble their force.

Murat Bey expresses himself nearly in the following terms with respect to the action in which he was engaged with general Dessaix.

I was entrenched near the bridge of Pharon, some leagues from Cairo, and my project was to straiten the French more and more, and to intercept their provisions.—But being informed by my scouts that 12000 infidels had embarked, and drew near with four vessels laden with arms and ammunition, I advanced to meet them with my cavalry by re-ascending the Nile.

I fell in with the enemy and fought them the whole day. The next day we renewed the fight, and continued it for six successive days. The infidels at length succeeded in landing with their artillery, and formed 3 entrenched camps. Our cavalry, confiding in the assistance of the Prophet, attacked them again, and 1000 of them were made to bite the dust. I proceeded to the defiles of Tajun Rast, with a view of collecting my infantry and getting the wounded taken care of. The infidels are very much weakened and dispersed. It cannot be doubted that they must, with the protection of the Almighty, be shortly annihilated.

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PARIS, January 14.

(From the Redacteur.)

The details, which we are about to transcribe relative to the insurrection at Cairo, are at once more ample & authentic than those which have reached us through hostile channels, and which the German gazettes have taken so much pleasure in disfiguring. The following accounts come from a direct source. They are transmitted to us by an eye witness.

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Details of the Insurrection at Cairo, on the 30th Vendemiarre, Oct. 21.

"Towards the middle of Vendemiaire, (beginning of October) measures of security induced the general in chief to arm the Europeans, formerly established at Cairo, as well as all the French who composed the mi-

litary administrations, and others who followed the army.

"Informed that a sedition was secretly planned, the general tried to prevent its evil effects, but his endeavors were unsuccessful.

"On the 30th of Vendemiaire, (October 21) general Dupuy, commandant of the garrison of Cairo, being informed that a mob was forming at the Grand Mosque, mounted his horse, and went at the head of the 12th dragoons to disperse it. The Turks in the city said that the discontent occasioned by the imposts was the sole cause of the tumult.

"Mean while General Dupuy arrived at the Grand Mosque, and tried to disperse the mob, which increased every moment; but he found them refractory, and soon experienced their rage. He endeavoured to repel them by force; but he and his escort were assailed by a great multitude, and he was mortally wounded in two places. Some dragoons also fell, and the others conducted the general to his quarters, where he died some hours after.

"This was the signal of insurrection and from the moment the Turks proceeded in crowds to the Grand Mosque, where they fortified themselves, armed with lances, sharp pointed stakes, and some fire arms.—Their plot was well laid. They did not confine themselves to assembling in a great number at the Grand Mosque, but each private Mosque formed a fortress for them, from which they directed their attack or defence.

"The general was soon beaten, and the troops assembled. The news of the death of Dupuy excited the soldiers an eager desire of Vengeance. Every one flew to arms each Frenchmen joined himself to one corps or another.

"The General and chief ordered a battalion to march against the Grand Mosque, where the Turks had assembled to the number of eight or ten thousand. They were summoned to surrender, which they absolutely refused. The citadel then fired into the town, and chiefly upon this Mosque, into which some bombs were thrown, which excited terror and despair.

"Several battalions were dispersed through the city, and directed against the other Mosques, where mobs were collected; they were attacked at the same time, and all equally repulsed: Obliged to shut themselves up in their Mosques, they saw, but it was to late, their imprudence. The French forced the gates, and made a terrible carnage among them.

"But though defeated, they were not beaten; the number of the dead were replaced by fresh insurgents. This day was bloody but the following was more so. Every one, found armed with a cudgel or a stick, ceased to live. The Turks, on their part, had already assassinated several Frenchmen who were found alone in the streets. The hopes of pillage animated them, and they proceeded to attack the houses inhabited by the French. General Cafferelli's house was entirely plundered, and his guard and agents murdered.

"On the 2d Brumaire (October 23) there were still some traces of the transactions of the preceeding day, but towards the evening all was calm, and tranquility began to be restored. The loss of the insurgents is calculated at five or six thousand, and that of the French at about one hundred men killed, and several wounded, chiefly by large stones which the inhabitants threw from the tops of the houses.

"In this affair the Greeks, who reside at Cairo, gave the greatest proofs of their courage and attachment to the French: one of them, named Barthelemy, particularly distinguished himself, and has received marks of favour from the General in Chief.

"They did not confine themselves to defending our cause; but pointed out those who had taken up arms, and escaped by flight. They made a great number of prisoners, and none who were found to be criminal escaped death.

"Some groupes of the insurgents fled armed from the town, hoping to escape by a speedy flight, but they were doubly unfortunate. The Arabs of the Desert, who are equally the enemies of all who are foreign to their tribe, pillaged them, and general Danou pursued them closely at the head of the cavalry.

"There are just grounds to presume that the chiefs of the religion were, in company with the Mamelukes, the instigators of this revolt; of this there are some unequivocal proofs. In consequence of the inquiries which have been made, several Mamelukes have been found concealed in the houses of Turks; others were dressed as women. All who were discovered, in consequence of the united vigilance of the French and Greeks, have been punished, in virtue of an arrete of the commander in chief anterior to that epoch."

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LONDON, Jan. 10

Passawan Oglouhas obtained some further advantages over the troops of the Grand Seignior.

January 11.

THE AMBUSCADE.

Captain Jenkins, of the Ambuscade frigate has written a letter to Lord Bridport, containing advice of the capture of his ship by the French ship Bayonnaise, mounting 32 guns of different calibres. She was taken after a long and very severe action, in which nine were killed and 31 wounded. Among the former were the 1st lieutenant and master; and captain Jenkins is himself dangerously wounded, and so is the lieutenant of marines. The Ambuscade is carried into Rochefort. The Ambuscade carried 32 guns, and was built in 1773.

In addition to the particulars we have already inserted relative to the capture of this frigate, we find the following account in the French papers:

"*Extract of an Official Letter from Rochefort addressed to the Minister of the Marine.*

"The corvette, the Bayonnaise, mounting 23 eight-pounders, commanded by citizen Richer, *Lieutenant des Vaisseaux* of the republic, on her return from Cayenne, and at the distance of only 25 or 30 leagues from the coast of France, was attacked on the 24th Frimaire, (Dec. 14) by the Ambuscade English frigate of 40 guns, viz 26 sixteens on the main deck, 8 eight-pounders on the quarter-deck and forecastle, and 6 thirty-six pound carronades.

"She was seen and chased at the distance of 40 leagues from the French coast by the Ambuscade English frigate, by which she was at first very roughly handled. The commander of the corvette, and the second in command, were both severely wounded, when the officer of the land troops proposed boarding. Harangued his soldiers, and asked them which they would prefer, chains or glory? The choice was soon made. All hands flew upon the deck eager for a combat, and seemed already assured of victory. The corvette, disregarding the fire of the enemy's broadside, bore up to the frigate and fell upon his stern. At this moment three pieces loaded with grape shot were discharged, which cleared the deck of the frigate a little, and the crew of the corvette took advantage of the confusion to run on board. The shock which took place when the two vessels struck against each other made the mast of the corvette, which had been wounded, fall upon the enemy's deck which thus formed a bridge for our troops. They ran towards the English, who returned and endeavoured to defend themselves with musketry. Their retreat was, however, soon forced, and the French spread every where terror and death.

"The French had thirty killed and as many wounded. The loss of the English was much more considerable.

"This capture has restored 50 French prisoners to liberty who were on board of the frigate; but they were of no use in the action, as they were confined in the hold."

January 14.

The Senate of Hamburgh has refused the application of Citizen Marragon to set Napper Tandy at liberty. The French minister has accordingly ceased to have any further communication with the magistrates of that city, and waits for further orders from the directory.

January 23.

The court of Spain has categorically refused the demand made by the directory for the passage of an army of 80,000 cavalry destined against Portugal. It is expected that this refusal will produce a total change of measures on the part of the Spanish government.

According to private advices received by the Hamburgh mails, it appears probable that Sweeden will join Russia in the war against France and in this case it is likely that Denmark will not remain neutral. The king of Sweden having refused to accept of citizen La Marque as French minister, the executive directory has threatened to break off all communications with the court of Stockholm.—Since then the alliance between Sweden and Russia has become close. The king of Sweden depends on the powerful assistance of Russia, to keep the states of his kingdom in awe, should they shew any signs of tumult at the approaching meeting of the diet. It is probable that this may be the cause of the kings refusal to receive citizen La Marque, fearing the intrigues of the French government.

January 26.

It appears, that the operations of the rebel Pacha, Passawan Oglou, are still attended with success. He is stated to have equipped his troops with cloathing destined for the Russian army, which he had captured after the taking of Otschowa.

About twenty thousand of the Neapolitan troops, it is said, laid down their arms to about 8,000 French, who were advancing against the capital. It is understood that the royal family have been able to carry with them the royal jewels, regali and many articles of value. There are however, in the different arsenals of the kingdom great quantities of naval and military stores, which it is said, cannot be prevented from falling into the hands of the enemy. It is possible too that they may also obtain possession of some of the Neapolitan ships of war.

The next advices are expected to bring the news of the city of Naples, which ranks as the third city in Europe for riches and population, having been delivered up to the pillage of the French Soldiery. After having laid the country under contribution till it can pay no more; after having emptied every store and carried off every article of valuable furniture and pictures, the directory will be willing to sell the naked soil to the first rogue who will treat for the purchase of it.

On Saturday messengers were sent off to his Majesty at Windsor, and to the different cabinet ministers, with the above intelligence and on the same day the marquis de Circello attended at the admiralty to learn the particulars which Admiral Nelson's dispatches contained.

We understand, that there is now little expectations of the Emperor being inclined to make an effort to retrieve the fortunes of his Neapolitan Majesty. Indeed, it is whispered, that ministers have received advices both from Vienna and Berlin, which rendered the part which these cabinets are to take no longer doubtful. They have, it is said, positively refused to join the confederacy against France.

FEBRUARY 2.

We last night received Paris Journals up to the 16th ultimo. inclusive. They do not state as our readers will see from the extracts we have made, that their army has actually taken possession of Naples, but we understand that ministers have received late advices, which state that they are masters of the city.

The most important information bro't by these Journals, is that no movement has taken place on the part of the great powers of Germany, in consequence of the events in Italy, and no appearances indicate their design of moving. France is therefore left to consolid te her conquest of Italy, from which she will probably proceed to revolutionize the Greek Islands, with a view of opening to herself a communication with Egypt, and recovering her influence and power in the Mediterranean.

Earl Macartney, late governor of the Cape of Good Hope, is arrived from hence in the Stately man of war, in good health and spirits.

The American ship Juno, Capt Beard, from Amsterdam to Philadelphia, is put in to Cowes short of provisions, having been frozen up in the New deep upwards of three weeks. When capt. Beard left the Texel there were six sail of the line and four frigates and as many sloops of war ready for sea; and on board two of the frigates and two of the sloops, there were as many troops as possibly could be stowed, destined for a secret expedition.

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The following is an official return of French prisoners in Great Britain, to the 19th of January, 1799, inclusive:

At Portsmouth, -	10,576
Plymouth, - -	8,396
Norman Cross, - -	4,127
Liverpool, - -	4,000
Edinburgh, - -	736
Chatham, - -	1,298
	30,265

Officers, prisoners on Parole.

At Litchfield, - -	66
Bishop's Waltham, -	60
Tiverton, - -	114
Peebles, - -	60
	300

SALEM, March 26.

The French are improving their time before the new negociation takes place, to secure themselves against a hard bargain. They draw the cord of amity so tight, as almost to choak. See the following.

FROM BILBOA.

Vessels captured by the French, from Nov. '98, to Jan. 25, 1799.

Brought into St. Andero.

Schr. Telegraph, Freeman, Baltimore
Brig Commerce, Calef, Norfolk
Jane, Patterson, Wiscasset
Delaware, Dumfry, Philadelphia

into Corunna.

Brig Apollo, ——, Norfolk
Pallas, ——, do.
Two or three other vessels, names unknown.

Into St. Jean de Luce.

Ship Pearl, Latimer, New-York.

Into Bayonne.

Schr. Molly, ——, Marblehead
Alert, Oliver, Beverly
——, Cole, do.
Brig Eliza, Woodbury Salem
Ship Pigou, Green, of Philadelphia, having 25000 dollars in cash, time of capture not known, besides a number of other vessels names unknown.

Arrived at Bilboa, (not captured)

Brig Nancy, Barker, of Salem, after a gallant defence of his vessel against four French launches and luggers, off the Bar, which he beat off, damaging them much, and killing 15 of their men. The Sansculottes swear vengeance against Captain Barker, who is obliged to be well armed when he goes on shore.
Brig——, Laskey. Mablehead

At St. Sebastian.

Ship Diana, Smith, New-York.
Susannah, Middling, Philadelphia

At St. Andero.

Brig Eagle, Weeks, ——
Ship Hope, Hasty, Philadelphia
Schr. ——, Smith, Newburyport
——, Lovett, Beverly

Captain Mugford arrived yesterday from Bilboa. On his passage out was attacked by a privateer of 12 guns and 80 men. which he beat off, though he had only 6 guns and 12 men, and had afterwards the pleasure to learn that he had killed a few of her men, and shattered her masts so that she was obliged to get new ones. Capt. M. returned home with 16 guns and 30 men. Americans bound to Bilboa must expect to go through fire as well as water.

—

NEW-YORK, April 2.

On the 2d of January three Americans were arrested at Paris and sent to the Temple.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Admiral Nelson, on leaving Leghorn, divided his fleet into two squadrons—one sailed for the coast of Genoa the other for Sicily.

—

A gentleman passenger in the ship Adams, arrived yesterday, in 47 days from Cadiz, informs, that the king of Naples was on board the Vanguard, Admiral Nelson's ship, going to Palermo—That the Spaniards were under the greatest apprehensions, of a visit at Cadiz from the British—In fact, that the government had received positive accounts that they intended to bombard that place—There were 17 sail of the line (British) off Cadiz, which were to be reinforced—The Spaniards were fortifying Cadiz, and had encreased the number of their gun boats to 130—A French frigate had sailed from thence for the West Indies with a valuable cargo—125,003 dollars in specie. Our informant adds, that peace had not been finally ratified between Germany and France.

The gentleman abovementioned has oblingly promised us a file of Spanish papers. We shall lay before our readers any thing of importance that they may contain.

—

ARRIVED,	DAYS.
Ship Victoria, Browne, Curracoa	34
Washington, Coffin, Nantucket	
Dianna, White, Havanna	11
Columbia, ——, ditto	
Juno, Wood, Antigua	10
Agatha, Picket, Bordeaux	92
Brig Tartar, Waldron St. Thomas's	
Schr. Sally, Hudson, N. Carolina	7
Lyon, Haff, Havanna	9
Sloop Charleston	4

Sloop Aurora, from New Orleans, spoke on the 8th of March, in the River Mississippi, the Sally and Nancy, schooners of New-York. Same day spoke the schooner Parragon, of N. York. March 12, spoke the schooner Fox, Capt. Obrien, of N. York. March 20, was spoke by the ship Delaware off the Montanzas, two schooners and two sloops in company with her, all bound to Vera Cruz.

Capt. Pickens, of the ship Columbia, 17 days from the Havanna, on the 20th March was brought too by a British 44 guns ship, in company with an English armed brig—examined papers, and suffered to proceed.

—

Charleston, March 27.

On Monday arrived the Barque Frances, Paulson, Lisbon, 56 days; ship Maria, Ingles, London, 56 days; ship Two Friends, M'Neil, London, 56 days.

The Minerva, Frink, sailed from Gravesend the 15th January.

The American ship Ann and Susan, Bricket, from Charleston to London, was captured on the 11th Jan. off Portland, by a privateer of 18 guns, and carried into Cherbourg.

The Good Intent, Humphries, from London to Galway, was taken by a French privateer, retaken by the Atlantic, Dean, from Charleston and sent into Falmouth.

The Hane, Fidge, from Hambro to New York, is wrecked in the Orkneys; cargo expected to be saved.

ALEXANDRIA, March 30.

The paragraph published in the last Mirror, immediately under the Alexandria head, and which was extracted from a Baltimore paper without due consideration, relative to the Irish affairs, is certainly incorrect. There is no county of Ross;—and the burning of the 150 Protestants in a barn belonging to Mr. Francis King, took place at an early period of the rebellion—The latest accounts from that country state it to be, in a great degree, tranquil.

BALTIMORE, April 3.

The account of general Morgan's decease was taken from the Aurora; and we are happy to say, from the best authority, turns out as many other things in that folio of misrepresentation, to be false. the general having been seen in good health, on Wednesday last.

Macpherson's Blues.

—

BATTALION ORDERS—*April* 4, 1799.

THE BLUES are ordered to parade at the Menage in Chesnut-street, on Saturday the 6th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. in complete uniform.

By order of the Commandant,
JOHN M'CAULEY, Adjutant

TOBACCO.

69 hhds. of Tobacco, chiefly Virginia, are offered for sale.

Enquire of the printer.

april 4 ¶d3t.

Philadelphia, March 1799.

PROPOSAL

By THOMAS DOBSON,

At the Stone House, No. 41, South Second street, for furnishing by subscription

ENCYCLOPEDIA;

OR A

DICTIONARY

OF

ARTS, SCIENCES,

AND

MISCELLANEOUS LITERATURE;

On a PLAN entirely NEW:

By which the different Sciences and Arts are digested into the FORM of distinct

TREATISES OR SYSTEMS,

COMPREHENDING

THE History, Theory, and Practice, of each, according to the Latest Discoveries and improvements: and full Explanations given of *Various Detached parts of Knowledge*, whether Relating to Natural and Artificial Objects, or to Matters Ecclesiastical, Civil, Military, Commercial, &c. Including Elucidations of the most important Topics relative to Religion, Morals, Manners, and the Oeconomy of Life: together with a description of all the Countries, Cities, principal Mountains, Seas, Rivers, &c. throughout the World; a General History, *Ancient* and *Modern*, of the different Empires, Kingdom, and States; and an account of the Lives of the most Eminent Persons in every Nation, from the earliest ages down to the present times. Compiled from the Writings of the best Authors, in several Languages; the most approved Dictionaries, as well of General Science as of Particular Branches; the Transactions, Journals, and Memoirs, of learned Societies, both at home and abroad; the MS. Lectures of eminent Professors on different Sciences; and a variety of original Materials, furnished by an extensive Correspondence.

The Publisher having been solicited to furnish sets of this valuable and important work by one volumn at a time, which by dividing the payments, might make the acquisition of the work more convenient to purchasers, proposes to dispose of the few remaining copies on the following:

—

CONDITIONS.

The Work being already completed in Eighteen large Quarto Volumes in boards, Elegantly printed on Superfine paper, illustrated with five hundred and forty-two Copper plates:

I. A volume in boards will be delivered to each Subscriber in the first week of every month till the whole be delivered, which will take a period of eighteen months.

II. Every Subscriber on receiving the first Volume, to pay Twenty Dollars.

On receiving the Second	15 Dollars
The Third,	12 Dollars
The Fourth,	10 Dollars
The Fifth,	10 Dollars
The Sixth,	8 Dollars

and Five Dollars for each of the succeeding volumes, till the whole is delivered, which will amount in the whole to One Hundred and Thirty-five Dollars, being the present price for complete sets.

Any subscriber who may chuse to have the whole in a shorter time than 18 months, may have any number of volumes that may be agreeable at the same time at the above prices.

To prevent any misunderstanding it is proper to express that no volume will be delivered to any person without the money, and as the sets on hand are but few in number, it will be requisite that such as choose to become subscribers should apply as early as possible to prevent disappointments.

☞ Complete Sets may be had as above, or bound in various manners.

march 6. w&s6w.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, *APRIL* 4.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 4

Six Per Cent.	16/3
Three Per Cent.	9/9
Deferred 6 Per Cent.	14/4
BANK United States,	23 per cent.
—— Pennsylvania,	21 ditto.
—— North America,	46 ditto
Insurance comp N.A. shares	30
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	38
8 per cent Scrip	5

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On Hamburgh 33 1-3 cents per Mark Banco.

— London, at 30 days	56 1-2
—— at 60 days	54
—— at 90 days	52 1-2
Amsterdam, 60 days, pr. guild.	36 to 37 1-2 cents

—

Extract from a letter dated Lancaster, 2d April, 1799.

"This afternoon an insurgente from Northampton county was taken up and after examination confined in goal."

—

Yesterday the Governor approved and signed a law for removing the Seat of Government of this State, from this city to Lancaster. Accommodations are to be prepared at Lancaster for the reception of all the Public Offices by the first of November, and the Legislature will commence its annual meeting there, as is provided by law, on the first Tuesday in December next.

A resolution passed the House of Representatives yesterday, for adjourning the Legislature, *sine die* on Thursday the 11th instant.

—

Was admitted a few days since into the Pennsylvania Hospital, a Lunatic who had set fire to his dwelling-house and burnt it to the ground with all his effects in a few minutes, after which he attempted to set fire to his barn, and to shoot one of his neighbours, but was prevented by a number of people who assembled to arrest him.

—

Four City troops and two troops of United States Volunteer Cavalry, under the command of Brigadier-General MACPHERSON, this morning marched from this city on their way to Northampton, to quell the insurrection. Yesterday morning Elliot's corps of Engineers left this city on the same route.

—

The Camilla, British sloop of war coming up the city.

General Maitland, late commander of the British forces in St. Domingo, came passenger in the Camilla.

ELECTION.

Pennsylvania Hospital,
4th mo. 4, 1799.

The *Contributors* to this institution, are hereby notified, agreeably to the Charter of Incorporation, that a general election will be held at the Hospital on the 6th day of the 5th month 1799, being the second day of the week, for twelve Managers, and a Treasurer for the ensuing year.

By order of a Board of Managers.

SAMUEL COATES, Sec'ry.

eodt6m

New-Theatre.

For the Benefit of Mr. Bernard.

On FRIDAY EVENING, April 5,
WILL BE PRESENTED,
(never acted here)
A new PLAY, (in 3 Acts) called THE

MYSTERIOUS MARRIAGE;

OR, THE CASTLE OF ROSELVA.

[*Written by the celebrated Miss Lee, author of the Recess, Canterbury Tales, Chapter of Accidents, &c. &c.*]

Count Roselva,	Mr Warren.
Lord Albert,	Mr Marshall
Segesmond,	Mr Wood.
Prisoner,	Mr Wignell.
Rodolphus,	Mr Downie.
Osmond	Mr Fox.
Physician,	Mr Warrell.
Matthias,	Mr Blissett.
Uberto,	Mr Bernard.
Countess of Roselva,	Mrs Merry.
Theresa,	Miss L'Estrange
Constantia,	Mrs Marshall.

End of the play, THE HISTORY OF

JOHN GILPIN,

THE LINEN DRAPER.

Shewing how he went farther than he intended and came home safe at last.

To which will be added, a MUSICAL PIECE, [in one act] called

THE SAILOR'S RETURN,

OR, THOMAS AND SALLY.

Thomas,	Mr Darley.
Squire,	Mr Fox.
Sally,	Mrs Warrell.
Dorcas,	Mrs Francis.

To conclude with a DANCE of Sailors and Lasses, in which will be introduced

A HORNPIPE.

By Mr and Mrs Byrne, and Mr Warrell, jun.

After which will be presented,
(never performed here)
A new MUSICAL FARCE, called

RIVAL SOLDIERS,

OR, SPRIGGS OF LAUREL.

Captain Cruizer,	Mr Downie.
Lenox,	Mr Marshall
Major Tactic,	Mr Darley.
Sinclair,	Mr Hardinge.
Corporal,	Mr Warrell, jun.
Nipperkin,	Mr Bernard.

With the SONG of

Four and Twenty Fidlers all on a row

The Little Midshipman,	Miss Arnold,
Mary Tactics	Mrs Warrell.

—

*** Tickets to be had of Mr. Bernard, Corner of Chesnut and Seventh-street.

☞ On Saturday, THE DISBANDED OFFICER; or, THE BARONESS OF BRUSCHAL;—WILLIAM TELL, and other Entertainments for the Benefit of Mr. Byrne.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

March 5th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT by an act of Congress passed the 28th day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, the following alterations and amendments have been made to an act passed on the sixth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, intituled, "An act laying duties upon stamped vellum, parchment and paper."

I.

The stamp duties heretofore imposed upon foreign bills of exchange and bills of lading are to cease and determine from and after the 31st day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

II.

The several stamp duties hereafter enumerated will be levied and collected throughout the United States, from and after the 31st day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

For every skin, or piece of vellum or parchment or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be written or printed either of the instruments or writings following, to wit.

	Dolls. Cts.
Any foreign bill of exchange, draft or order for the payment of money in any foreign country, - - -	20
Any note or bill of lading, or writing or receipt in nature thereof, for goods or merchandize to be exported;—if from one district to another district of the United States, not being in the same state, - - -	4
If from the United States to any foreign port or place, - -	10
Any policy of insurance, or instrument in the nature thereof, other than those heretofore specified in the above recited act, where the sum insured shall not exceed five hundred dollars, - - - -	25
When the sum insured shall exceed five hundred dollars, - - - -	1

n dthe said Duties are chargeable upon each and every Bill of Exchange and Bill of Lading without respect to the number contained in each set.

III

Bonds required in any case by the Laws of the United States, or of any state, upon legal process, or in any judicial proceeding, or for the faithful performance of any trust or duty are exempt from the payment of Stamp-Duties.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year abovementioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

march 7 d1m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode prescribed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treasury.

To be Let,

A genteel, convenient three story
BRICK HOUSE,
IN SPRUCE STREET, (no. 64)

THIS house has been newly papered and painted, and was not occupied during last fever.

feb. 12. d5t af. eo tf.

To be Let,

A Store and Loft,

NEAR Market-street Wharf.—Enquire of the Subscriber,

GEO. DAVIS,
319 High-street.

feb 11 2awtf

A Summer Retreat.

FOR SALE,
Sixteen Acres of Land,
About half a mile from the city of Philadelphia,

THERE are on the premises a one story brick house 38 feet front, a stable and corn crib, a well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees, the situation is perhaps superior to any within the same distance of the city, and commands one of the most beautiful and picturesque prospects of the city, Kensington, the Delaware and Jerseys,

Enquire of EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
march 4 oedtf

FOR SALE,

At the two mile stone, on the Wessahickon, or Ridge Road,

A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may suit the purchaser. There is on the premises a house 47 1-2 feet front, by 43 1-2 deep, a scullery, milk house, pump, ice house, and farm house, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with stalls for 25 horses and cows, a carriage house, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a second milk house supplied by a spring. The grounds are well manured, and laid out in good stile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the situation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is also a small distance from the mansion house a farm house in good repair, with kitchen, stable, &c. and a pump of good water: For terms apply to

SAMUEL MEREDITH.
No. 171, Chesnut Street.

March 12.

Mahogany.

THE subscriber, intending to leave off, the Mahogany and Lumber Business, offers for sale at his yard, the corner of Queen and Water streets, Southwark, all his stock on hand, consisting of a great variety of

St. Domingo and Bay Mahogany Boards, Plank and Scantling,

All well seasoned and fit for immediate use.

Also a few thousand feet seasoned half-inch and ch White Pine Boards, and a small quantity of wo feet cedar shingles.

All that shall remain unsold, will be disposed of at public sale, at 10 o'clock on Thursday the 28th instant. The terms of payment will be cash for purchases under 100 dollars, from 100 to 500 dollars at 60 days, and all above 500 dollars at 60 and 120 days, for approved indorsed notes, with the discount. The sale to be continued until the whole is disposed of.

JOHN M'GULLOH.

N. B. The subscriber will sell or let the above yard, wharf and dwelling house, which he now occupies.

march 4 cot28 May

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,
no. 198, Chesnut street, next door to the premises.

march 5 tu.th sa tf

FOR SALE,

Eighteen Acres and twenty-six Perches of
LAND,

In a fine healthy situation, with a small stone house upon it, some meadow and woodland, a run of water, and a good spring; situated in the Manor of Moreland, Montgomery County, on the Southampton and Wright's Town road, 14 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining the lands of W. Deans, Esq. W. Roberts, and J. Laumoy. *Apply to* J. LAUMOY.

*** Possession will be given on the first of April.

february 19th, 1799 3tawtf

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.

400 Casks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—1prigs—tucks—scupper nails—sheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,
Robert Denison, junr.
127 Market-street.

Notice.

THE Creditors of JOHN SHAVER, of Hopewell township, in the county of Huntingdon, are hereby requested to produce their accounts and demands against him, duly attested, to the subscribers, at the court house in the town of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 20th day of April next—And all persons indebted to the said John Shaver, are required to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers——Given under our hands 23d February, 1799,

JOHN CADWALLADER, } Assignees of
GEORGE BUCKANON, } John Shave.

march 15 12aw4w

Iron Works for Sale.

THE subscriber wishing to decline the iron business, will dispose of all his property, situate in Botetourt county, Virginia, on the navigable water of James River, consisting of a Furnace with all the necessary patterns complete, a Forge with three Fires and two hammers, two good Merchant Mills, two Saw Mills, together with all the necessary buildings for the use of the Works, several large Banks of Ore convenient to the Furnace of an excellent quality for bar-iron—The whole of the works have been built within five years, on the most approved plans, by the best workmen in the different branches from Pennsylvania; they are in complete repair for casting and manufacturing iron. There are attached to said Works, about sixteen thousand acres of Wood-land, a very considerable stock of wood cut and ore raised. It is presumed unnecessary to enlarge, as a purchaser will undoubtedly view before he purchases. Indisputable titles will be given, and the terms made known, by applying to the subscriber at the Works.

WILLIAM WILSON.

march 15. co1m

Copper Warehouse,

Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co.
No. 201, MARKET-STREET,

ROBERT KID,

HAVING purchased the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being served on the very best terms with the following goods:

—*viz.*—

A general assortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purposes,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Block Tin and Crowley Steel,
Tin in Boxes, and Brass Kettles in Nests,
With a large and general assortment of Ironmongery.

feb. 16. d1w w&sat

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 6 1-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c complete;

Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;

Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;

English Cannon Powder;

Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;

6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;

6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.

9 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.

Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,

Taunton Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.

march 8. 2aw tf

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Estate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Esq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have demands against said Estate to authenticate and present them for settlement. Also, all those who have deposited writings with said deceased to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, }
1st mo. 8th, 1799. }
jan. 8 1awtf

LOST,

ON Tuesday morning, 12th March, about 12 o'clock, a small Red Leather Pocket Book (being an Almanack for the present year, published by W. Y. Birch) near the corner of Third and Spruce streets, or in Union street between Third and Fourth streets, containing sundry Delaware, Baltimore and Potowmac Bank Notes, with various other papers and memorandums. Whoever has found the same and will bring it to the Printer, shall be handsomely rewarded.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the estate of the late Robert Hardie, mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to present them for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate, to make payment to either of the subscribers

PETER BAYNTON, *Walnut-street.*
JOHN CRAIG, *No. 12, Dock-street.* } *Executors*

jan. 14 3awtf

FOR SALE,

A smart, active Bay Horse,

BETWEEN fifteen and sixteen hands high, rising five years, would suit very well for a gentleman in any of the troops of Horse, he is perfectly sound, the price is 220 dollars.—For a view please to apply at No 10, North Eighth street, or at Gisbertson's Stable. in 4th between Lombard and Cedar or South-streets.

march 23 2aw3w

NOTICE

To the Creditors of William Richards, Deceased.

THE real estate of William Richards having been recently sold, the creditors of said estate are requested to furnish their accounts immediately, as a dividend will be struck on the first day of May next and paid at any time afterwards, on application to

WILLIAM BELL.

Philadelphia, 25th Feb. 1799. m.th.t1 May

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Assignees
JOHN ALLEN,

feb. 14 3awtf

THE COMMISSIONERS,

APPOINTED by the Corporation to open Books of Subscription for a Loan to introduce *WHOLESOME WATER* from the River Schuylkill by means of Steam Engines (already contracted for) to the Center Square and from thence to be distributed through the City, give

NOTICE,

THAT a book will be opened at the City Hall to-morrow, the 13th instant, and will be continued from day to day, until the Loan is compleated, where the commissioners will attend from 10 o'clock in the morning until one, to receive subscriptions.

By order of the Board,
Jacob Shoemaker, sec'y.

2d mo. 12.

N. B. Ten dollars to be paid on each share at the time of Subscribing,

30 dollars at the expiration of two months } From the time of subscribing
30 ditto, ditto, 4 months
30 ditto, ditto, 6 months

Valuable Property for Sale.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known Estate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the residence of General John Cadwaladar, situate on Sassafras River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND, upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and consist of a handsome Dwelling House, two large Barns with Cow houses, Stables for fifty horses, a specious treading floor under cover, a granary, two Overseer's houses, two ranges of two story buildings for Negroes (one of them new and of brick), Corn houses a Smoak house, &c. &c—The whole Estate being nearly surrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fishery. It is conveniently situated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a short sail from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premises; also, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The soil is mostly a rich loom.—The whole will be sold together or divided into smaller farms (for which the buildings are conveniently situated) as may suit the purhaser. The Stock on said Farm, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep &c. will also be disposed of.—For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS on the premises, or to the subscriber, in Philadelphia.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL, Jun.

December 12. m. tf.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
On Willings and Francis's Wharf,
200 Gin Cases,
Also, a few bales of Bengal Goods.

C. WILLING.

Feb. 28. 3taw.

Superfine Writing Papers,

Just received by the Adventure from London,

FOR SALE
By WILLIAM YOUNG,
No. 52 Second, the corner of Chesnut-street,

CONSISTING OF

IMPERIAL, super-royal, state, wove and plain, royal, medium, thick post; extra large vellum, and plain folio post; extra large plain and wove post; quarto gilt and plain superfine hot-pressed.

W. Young has also on hand, a large assortment of the best American manufactured writing and printing papers; all sorts of papers made on short notice agreeable to patterns.

Consignment for sale at prime costs and charges:

5 Trunks of books assorted;
120 Reams large royal printing paper;
100 Reams London brown royal do.
113 Reams foolscap do.

The above are entitled to the drawback.

1 Case black leather and Morocco pocket books.

april 1. 7t

Weavers.

SEVERAL WEAVERS may find employment by applying to Isaac T. Hopper, No. 39, Pine-street.

3mo. 15th, 1799.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the City Guard House, JOHN CRAWFORD, a marine soldier, born in Augusta county, state of Virginia, 22 years of age, 5 feet, 6 inches high, light brown hair, yellow complexion and light eyes, by trade a tailor.

Whoever will apprehend said Deserter, shall receive the above reward.

JAMES M'KNIGHT,
Capt. Com. City Guard.

March 20. d6t.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

Capital Wharf, Lot & Stores,

ALSO,

SUNDRY GROUND-RENTS.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue,
at the Merchants' Coffee-House,
on the 17th day of the 4th month, at 7 o'clock in the evening,
if not previously disposed of at private sale,

THAT valuable estate 71 feet on Water street, bounded on the North by Sassafras street, and extending into the river Delaware; on which are erected very extensive stores and wharf, in good repair.—Plenty of water for the largest ships to lay at the wharf. In every respect a capital situation for any business requiring extensive ware-houses and the convenience of a wharf; or for any person wishing to invest money in real estate, that produces a handsome income.

ALSO,

The following Ground-Rents, well secured, on Sassafras, Seventh & Ch[illegible]y-streets:

Dolls.	*Cts.*			
205	90	per ann.	payable by	John Nicholson,
35		do	do	Robert Evans, sen.
37		do	do	William Powell,
40		do	do	William Bell,
40		do	do	John Evans, jun.
39		do	do	Andrew Beamer,
63	60	do	do	Maurice Moynihan
33	60	do	do	Henry Pepper,
19	80	do	do	Thos. Newby & wife
36	90	do	do	John How,
39	60	do	do	The Pennsylvania Society for the abolition of Slavery,
19	83	do	do	Adam Zantzinger,
23	75	do	do	Ellis Fry,
31	35	do	do	William Rinehart,
46	67	do	do	Peter Fritz,
46		do	do	Valentine Hoffman,
45		do	do	Valentine Umbehend
42	58	do	do	Jacob Colloday,
120	27	do	do	Frederick Heiss,

On Brown, between Second and Third-streets, Northern Liberties:

20	per ann.	payable by	Jacob Houser,
20	do	do	Joseph Fitch.

For further particulars, enquire of
JOHN WARDER,
No. 208, North Front-street.

3d month, 29 mw&st17A

A Pleasant Retreat.

To be sold at public vendue.

By order of the Orphan's Court of Montgomery County on the 17th day of the fourth month next. at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants Coffee house, in Philadelphia.

The following described capital house and lots situated in Potts Town, about 36 miles from Philadelphia, being part of the estate of Thomas Mayburry, deceased.

The Mansion house standing on the Main streets, built with stone and the best materials, commodiously divided into rooms and well finished throughout—with an airy entry and good cellars, forty-two feet in front and thirty six feet in depth—adjoining is a Stone Piazza, stove room and kitchen with lodging rooms over them—a well of good water in the yard—and a stone milk house with a smoke house over it—a good garden, &c. on the south end of the lot are a brew house, carriage house and a large stone barn—with extensive stables for horses, cows &c.

This estate would accommodate a large genteel family inclining to retire into the country. Potts Town being one of the cheapest places for provisions within the same distance from Philadelphia—and for healthy situation, conveniences of stages, &c is equal to most inland towns in Pennsylvania.

With the foregoing premises will be sold, a Lot of excellent CLOVER LAND, adjoining the Barn, containing about three Acres, in which are a number of Apple Trees.

Further particulars may be known on application to

Rebecca Mayburry, on the premises, John Warder, or James Vaux, in Philadelphia. } *Administrators to the estate of Thomas Mayburry, deceased.*

3d Month 29. mw&st17A

Now landing at messrs. Willings & Francis' Wharf the Cargo of the ship George Barclay, Charles McAllister, commander, from Calcutta,

—*consisting of*—

Course and fine Muslins
Madras Handkerchiefs
Bandanna ditto
Tafferies
Heavy Black Pepper
Sugar in hogsheads and bags
Jallon Cotton, &c.

For sale, by
Philips, Cramond & Co.

march 26 d1ot

All Persons

Indebted to the Estate of HENRY HILL, deceased are requested to make payment to the subscriber and those having any demands on the same to produce their accounts for settlement.

GIDEON H. WELLS,
Agent to the Ex:
no. 135, Market street

Philadelphia dec. 4, 1798 cotf

FOR SALE,
A Small Plantation,

OF about 116 acres, whereof 34 acres are under Clover of one and two years, including an orchard of ten acres; 26 acres of excellent bottom and upland watered meadow, and about 25 acres of wood land. The remainder is now under the plough, 10 acres of which are in the best order to receive grass seed next spring.

It is situated in the manor of Moreland, Montgomery county, and distant 14 miles from Philadelphia.

The improvements are a stone Dwelling-House, Kitchen and pump; a stone Spring-House and Wash-House; a stone Tennant's House; a large stone Barn and many other useful out building, and a good Garden fenced round with boards.

For further particulars apply to
P. THOMPSON, Conveyancer,
No. 43, Mulberry-street.
B. BONSALL, Dock-street, or
J. LAUMOY, on the Premises.

feb 4 3awtf

THE CREDITORS OF
E. Fox and J. Greenleaf,

INTERESTED in the assignments made to the subscribers, are requested to meet at Ogden's tavern, in Chesnut-street, on Wednesday the 10th of April, at 6 o'clock in the evening.

H. Pratt,
T. W. Francis,
I. Miller, jun.
I. Asbley,
I. Baker.

march 28.

FOR SALE,

On Monday, the eighth day of April next,
At the house of John Dover, in Frankford,
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

FRANKFORD MILLS,

SEVEN dwelling houses and about twenty-five lots of land, fifteen of which are excellent landings on tide water, and a lock inclosed by a good bank that will admit by a light simple gate, near 100 rafts of rails, and enclose them so as to be secure against freshets.

The grist-mill is a large stone building, enclosed within its walls two water wheels, has four pair of stones, three of which are new French burrs, and room for another pair; one for grinding Plaister of Paris, besides stamper all on the best construction, two bolting chests, and one very large merchant-work, a very convenient and safe corn-kiln on account of fire; the inside of the mill nearly all new, and in the best order, situate on tide water, so that shallops can lay along side to discharge and take in cargoes.

The saw-mill is all new, in good order, and also on an excellent construction, it is supplied with logs by means of a large canal, out of which they are hoisted into the mill, with machinery worked by water, a whole raft can enter the canal and come up to the tail race of the mill, adjoining is a small counting house, and a work-shop for the sawyer. With the mills will be sold a large lately repaired two story stone dwelling house with a handsome new piazza, kitchen, new coach house and stable, enclosed by a light palisade, and well surrounded by fruit and other trees, and above 300 feet of landing, upwards of 100 of which is a stone wharf. All the other dwelling houses will be sold separately, three of which are well adapted for the retreat of private families during the summer, being pleasant, airy and cool.

The lots which will be sold separately, are beautifully situated for building in such a part of that flourishing village as will always hereafter encrease in value, and command a great price.

The sale will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning, but should the weather be very bad, it will commence the next fair day, at the same hour, at which time the terms of sale will be made known.

march 28 dt8Ap.

TO LET.

THE large House in Southwark, lately occupied by Mr. Henry Mitchell; apply to

Isaac Wharton.

Jan. 11 §

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the subscriber are hereby notified, that he has applied to the Judges of the Supreme Court of the state of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the act of Assembly passed on the 4th day of April last, providing "that the person of a debtor shall not be subject to imprisonment, after he has delivered up all his property for the benefit of his creditors" and that the said court have appointed the 10th day of April next, to hear him and his creditors, at such place where the said Supreme Court may be holden, where they may attend if they think proper.

NATHANIEL BOUTCHER.

march 28 § thf&m 3t

CHARLES CAMPBELL,

WATCH-MAKER.

HAS removed to the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *John Wood*, No. 55, corner of Front and Chesnut-streets; where he will thankfully receive and execute orders with neatness and dispatch

HE HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
A Neat and Large Assortment of
Clocks & Watches.

WANTED,
A JOURNEYMAN,

ALSO, one or two Apprentices of respectable parents.

FOR SALE,
A large quantity of Watch Glasses
Wholesale and Retail.

nov 24 3awtf

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Attson Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton, Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 2awtf

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*